

# Make Things Talk With Arduino

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# Motivations

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- Physical computing
  - Create interactive objects or environments.
    - for artists, designers, hobbyists
- Fast prototyping
  - Mockup, proof of concept, DIY
- Education
  - Teach/learn electronic and programming for dummies
    - teachers, high school
- Free and open-source software and hardware
  - Board designs, Tools chain, Programs ...
    - but silicium and PCB can not be downloaded like FOSS

# Community (TBD)

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- Blog, Playground, Forum
- How-to
  
- Multi-langages
  
- Popularity
  
- Contributes !
  - Register and Q&A, translate, explain ... !

# Hardware

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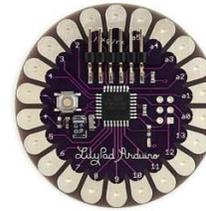
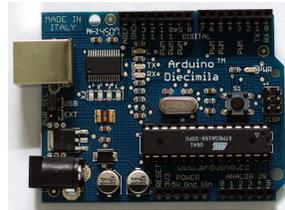
- Board
  - Microcontroller Atmel AVR (8 bits, 8-16Mhz)
    - ATmega8, ATmega168, ATmega328, and ATmega1280.
    - 16 to 128 KB flash
    - 1KB to 8KB SRAM,
    - 0.5 to 4 KB EEPROM)
  - Analogic Inputs
    - 6 pour 328, ?? for Mega2560
  - Digital IO and PWM
    - 14 (6 are PWM) for 328, ?? for Mega2560
  - Extension Catalog
    - Communications: RS-232, USB, Ethernet, BT, XBee
    - Sensors
    - Actuators (servo moteurs, ...)
  - Several form factors : nano, ...
  - and Shields
- Low cost
  - Start from 20€ (even 5€ if recycling)
  - Several manufacturers and dealers
  - Licence LGPL
  - But « **Arduino** » is only allow for official products

# Form factors

- Boards

- Official

- USB
    - Mega
    - Pro
    - Mini & Nano
    - LilyPad (wearable)



- Clones

- Freeduino, Seeeduino Stalker,  
■ Funnel IO, BlackWidow ...
    - Erzats (Cortex M3, ...)
      - FEZ Panda, Netduino, Leaf Maple



- *Piggy-backed Shields*

- Ethernet
  - Bluetooth
  - XBee
  - Pilot



# Programming Languages

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- Wiring
  - based on Processing <http://processing.org/>
  - C/C++ like syntax
- C/C++
  - GNU chain
- AMForth (ATMega Forth)
  - <http://amforth.sourceforge.net>
- AVR Assembly
  - WinAVR, AVRDude
- Graphical box tool
  - for artists

# Syntax (i)

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- Program structure

- `void setup() { ... } void loop() { ... }`

- Statements

- `;` `{}`

- `//` `/*` `*/`

- `#define` `#include`

- Control structures

- `if`, `if...else`, `for`, `switch case`, `while`,  
`do... while`

- `break`, `continue`, `return`, `goto`

- Control structures

- `type func(type param, ...)`

# Syntax (ii)

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## ■ Data Types

- void, boolean, char, unsigned char, byte,
- int, unsigned int, word, long, unsigned long
- float, double, string (char[])

## ■ Constructor

- []

## ■ Variables

- *local*, *global*, static *local*, volatile, const
- sizeof()

## ■ Operators

- Arithmetic = + - \* / %
- Comparison == != < > <= >=
- Boolean && || !
- Bitwise & | ^ ~ << >>
- Pointer Access \* &
- Compound == -- += -= \*= /=&= |=

# Interruptions

- Motivation : avoid polling (with complex timing calibration)
- External interruptions
  - Digital pin 2 and 3 on Arduino
  - + digital pin 21, 20,19,18 on Mega
  - `attachInterrupt(interrupt, funct, mode), detachInterrupt(funct)`
  - *mode* = `LOW`, `CHANGE`, `RISING`, `FALLING`
- Critical section
  - `noInterrupts(); ... interrupts();`
- Example

```
#define LED 13;
volatile int state = LOW;
void setup() {
  pinMode(LED, OUTPUT);
  attachInterrupt(0, blink, CHANGE);
}
void loop() { digitalWrite(LED, state); }
void blink() { state = !state; }
```

# Code snippet

## Blink

---

```
// blink.pde
```

```
#define LED_PIN 13
```

```
// run once at the start of a program which can be used for initializing settings
```

```
void setup () {
```

```
  pinMode (LED_PIN, OUTPUT);  // enable pin 13 for digital output
```

```
}
```

```
// called repeatedly until the board is powered off
```

```
void loop () {
```

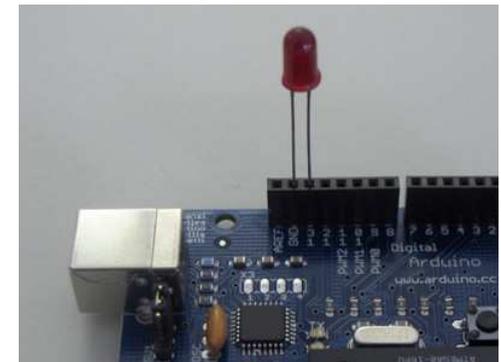
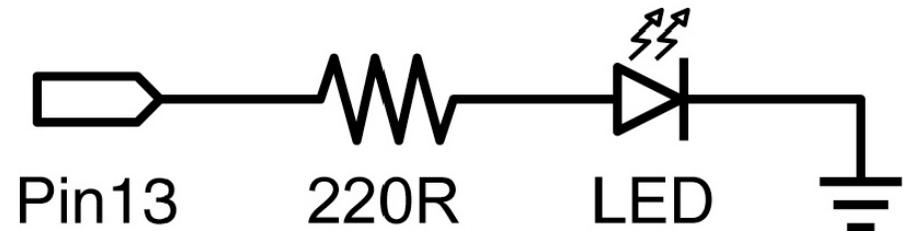
```
  digitalWrite (LED_PIN, HIGH); // turn on the LED
```

```
  delay (1000);           // wait one second (1000 milliseconds)
```

```
  digitalWrite (LED_PIN, LOW); // turn off the LED
```

```
  delay (1000);           // wait one second
```

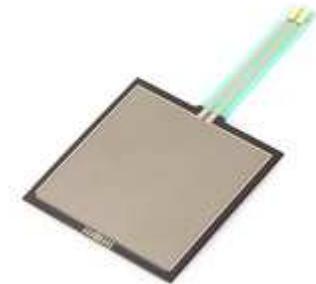
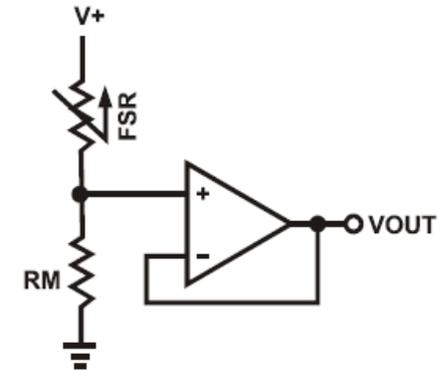
```
}
```



# Code snippet for input Weight

- Application : wiifit, i-shoe, i-sofa ...

```
void setup() { Serial.begin(9600); }  
void loop() {  
  // read the analog input into a variable:  
  int analogValue = analogRead(0);  
  Serial.println(analogValue);  
  delay(10);  
}
```



# Code snippet for I2C Input and Control Nunchuck → Servo motor

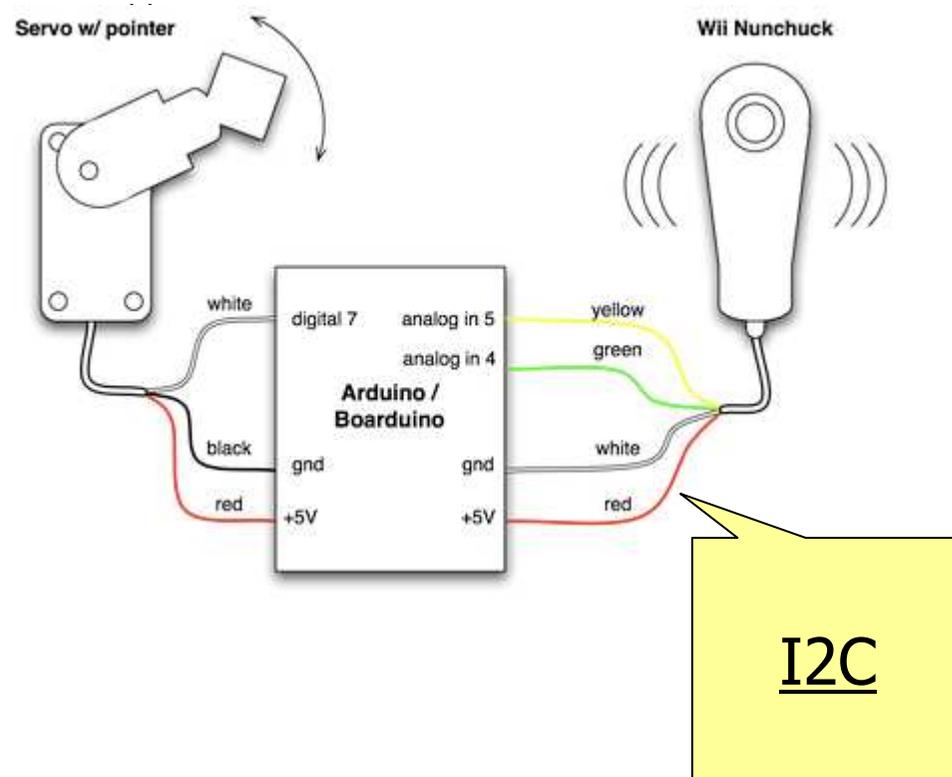
```
#include <Wire.h>
#include "nunchuck_funcs.h"
#include <Servo.h>

Servo myservo;
byte joyx,prevjoyx, zbut,cbut;
prevjoyx=0; // global

void setup() {
  myservo.attach(9); // attaches the servo on pin 9 to th
  nunchuck_setpowerpins();
  nunchuck_init(); // send the initialization handshake
}

void loop() {
  nunchuck_get_data();
  joyx = nunchuck_joyx();
  zbut = nunchuck_zbutton();
  cbut = nunchuck_cbutton();

  if(zbut==1) {
    myservo.write(0); delay(500);
  } else if(zbut==1) {
    myservo.write(180); delay(500);
  } else if((prevjoyx+5<joy) || (joy<prevjoyx-5)) {
    prevjoyx=joyx;
    myservo.write(joyx+90); delay(100);
  } else { delay(100); }
}
```



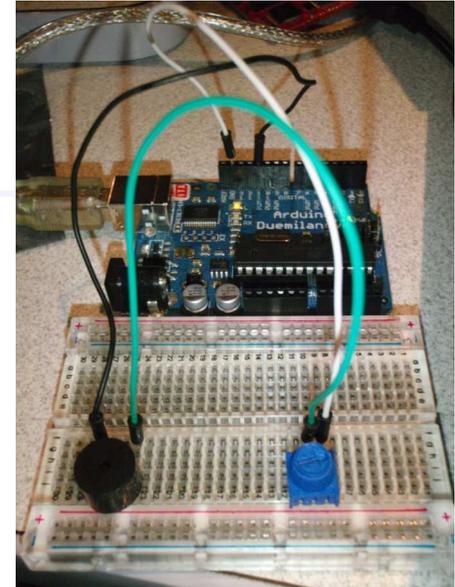
# Code snippet for PWM Music maestro !

```
// from Tom Igoe
#include "pitches.h"
#define PIN 8
int melody[] = { NOTE_C4 /* 262 Hz */, NOTE_G3,
  NOTE_G3, NOTE_A3, NOTE_G3,0, NOTE_B3, NOTE_C4};
int noteDurations[] = { 4,8,8,4,4,4,4,4 };

void setup() { }

void playMelody() {
  for (int thisNote = 0; thisNote < 8; thisNote++) {
    int noteDuration = 1000/noteDurations[thisNote];
    tone(PIN, melody[thisNote],noteDuration);
    int pauseBetweenNotes = noteDuration * 1.30;
    delay(pauseBetweenNotes);
  }
}

void playMelody() {
  play(); delay(2000);
}
```



# Communications

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- Talking to the Cloud, Internet of Things
- Serial: RS232, I2C, 1-Wire
- Ethernet
- WiFi
- Bluetooth
- ZigBee (XBee) 900 MHz, 2.4GHz
- RF 433MHz
- IrDA

# Host

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- RXTX.org
- processing.serial

```
import processing.serial.*;
import cc.arduino.*;
Arduino arduino;
int ledPin = 13;
void setup() {
  //println(Arduino.list());
  arduino = new Arduino(this, Arduino.list()[0], 57600);
  arduino.pinMode(ledPin, Arduino.OUTPUT);
}
void draw() {
  arduino.digitalWrite(ledPin, Arduino.HIGH);
  delay(1000);
  arduino.digitalWrite(ledPin, Arduino.LOW);
  delay(1000);
}
```

- Eclipse Terminal plugin
- Putty

# Tools



- **Arduino IDE**
  - <http://arduino.cc/en/Main/Software>
    - basic but quick startup
    - Portable (Java app)
    - based on Processing
- **Eclipse IDE CDE (C/C++)**
  - + AVR plugin + RXTX plugin
    - <http://www.arduino.cc/playground/Code/Eclipse>
  - More complex
- **Emulators**
  - Virtual Breadboard
- Remote management ??
- Unit testing
- Command lines
  - <http://www.arduino.cc/playground/Code/WindowsCommandLine>
- **Builder (cmake, ant, maven)**
  - <http://www.arduino.cc/playground/Main/DevelopmentTools>

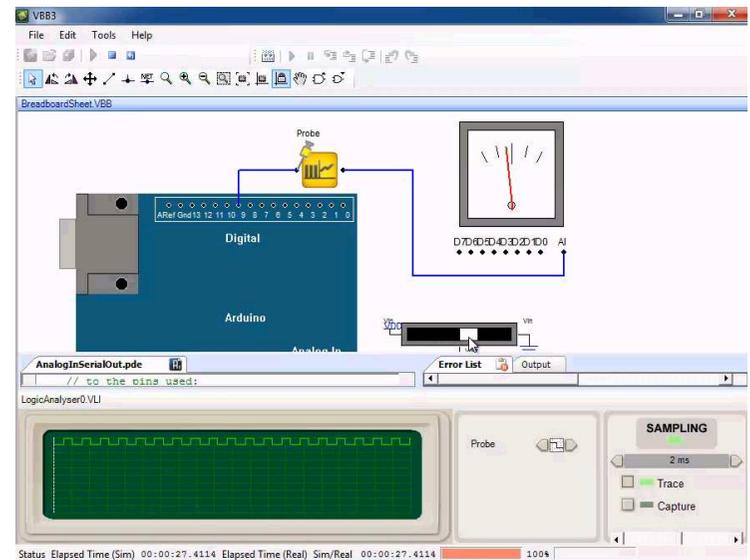
A screenshot of the Arduino IDE window titled "Blink | Arduino 0018". The code editor shows the following code:

```
// blink.pde

#define LED_PIN 13

// run once at the start of a program which can be used for initializing settings
void setup () {
  pinMode (LED_PIN, OUTPUT); // enable pin 13 for digital output
}

// called repeatedly until the board is powered off
void loop () {
  digitalWrite (LED_PIN, HIGH); // turn on the LED
  delay (1000); // wait one second (1000 milliseconds)
  digitalWrite (LED_PIN, LOW); // turn off the LED
  delay (1000); // wait one second
}
```



# Arduino + Eclipse

---

```
#include <HardwareSerial.h>
#include <WProgram.h>
#include <wiring.h>
#include <WConstants.h>
#include <binary.h>
#include <pins_arduino.h>
#include <wiring_private.h>

int main(void) {

    /* Must call init for arduino to work properly */
    init();

    /******
    /* Add your setup code here */
    /******

    for (;;) {

        /******
        /** write main loop here ***/
        /******

    } // end for

    // you-MUST-NEVER-return-from-main

} // end main
```

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- Wiring

- <http://wiring.org.co>
- <http://www.processing.org>

# Erzats

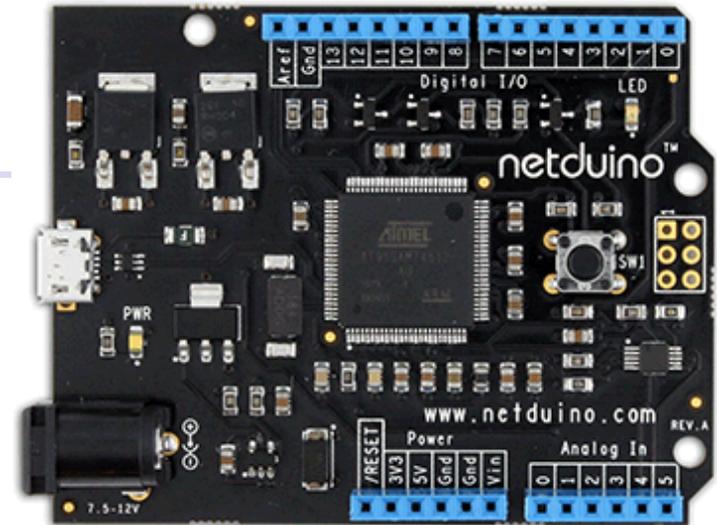
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- Arduino pin compatible → Shield compatibility
- But powerful processors
  - Netduino (<http://netduino.com>)
  - Leaf Maple <http://leaflabs.com/docs/maple/>
  - FEZ (<http://www.tinyclr.com>)

# Netduino

<http://netduino.com>

- Atmel ARM7 48MHz
  - Code Storage: 128 KB
  - RAM: 60 KB
  - 20 GPIOs with SPI, I2C
  - 2 UARTs (1 RTS/CTS)
  - 4 PWM and 6 ADC channels
  - Compliant with Arduino shields
- Netduino Plus
  - + Micro SD + Ethernet
- Development
  - .NET Micro Framework C#
  - Visual Studio Express
  - SharpDevelop ???



```
using System;
using System.Threading;
using Microsoft.SPOT;
using Microsoft.SPOT.Hardware;
using SecretLabs.NETMF.Hardware;
using SecretLabs.NETMF.Hardware.Netduino;

/* NOTE: make sure you change the deployment target from the Emulator to your Netduino before running this
 * Netduino sample app. To do this, select "Project menu > ButtonApp Properties > .NET Micro Framework" and
 * then change the Transport type to USB. Finally, close the ButtonApp properties tab to save these settings. */

namespace ButtonApp
{
    public class Program
    {
        public static void Main()
        {
            // write your code here
            OutputPort led = new OutputPort(Pins.ONBOARD_LED, false);
            InputPort button = new InputPort(Pins.ONBOARD_SW1, false, Port.ResistorMode.Disabled);
            bool buttonState = false;

            while (true)
            {
                buttonState = button.Read();
                led.Write(!buttonState);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

# FEZ

<http://www.tinyclr.com>

## ■ FEZ Panda

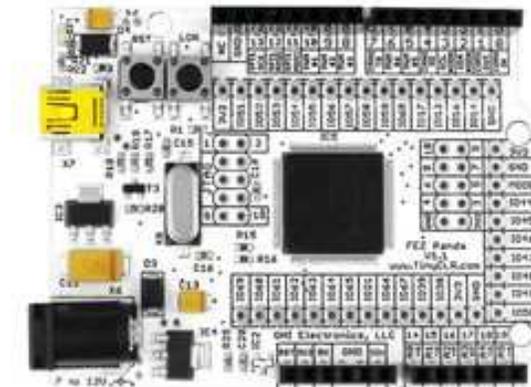
- 72Mhz NXP ARM processor, 62KB RAM, 148KB FlashRAM
- 60 PIN (6PWM, 4TTL UART, SPI, I2C, CAN, OneWire)
- JTAG exposed, USB Client

## ■ FEZ Domino

- 72Mhz NXP ARM processor, 62KB RAM, 148KB FlashRAM
- 30 PIN (6PWM, 3TTL UART, SPI, I2C, CAN, OneWire)
- USB Host & Client, RTC, micro SD connector

## ■ Dev tools

- C# .NET MF
- VisualStudio



# WaspMote

<http://www.libelium.com/products/waspmote/hardware>

## ■ Hardware

- ATmega1281 8MHz
- 8KB SRAM 4KB EEPROM 128KB FLASH
- SD Card, XBee Socket
- RTC (32KHz)
- 7 Analog, 8 Digital (I / O), 1 PWM, 2 UARTs, 1 I2C, 1USB
- On board sensors: Temperature, Accelerometer:  $\pm 2g$  /  $\pm 6g$
- Battery and Solar panel slots. 3V CR2032 auxiliary battery
- **Not compatible with Arduino shields**

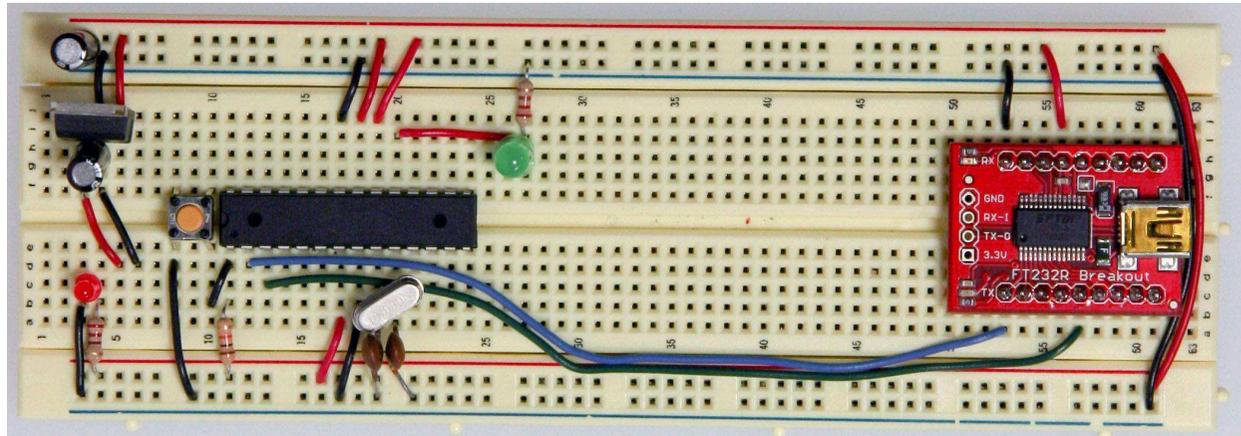
## ■ Software

- **Wiring**
- FOSS API

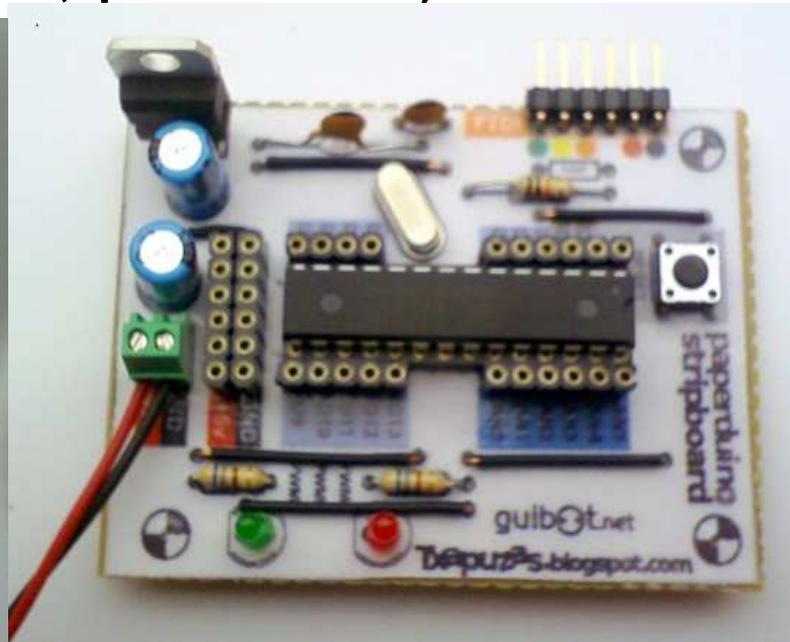
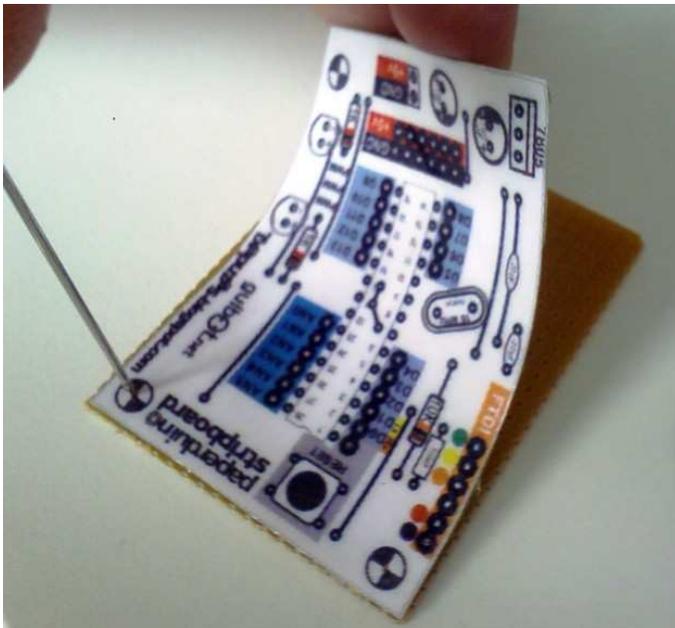


# Homebrew Arduino

- Breadduino



- Paperduino (stripboard, perfboard)



# Books

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- Banzi, Massimo (March 24, 2009). Getting Started with Arduino (1st ed.). Make Books. pp. 128. ISBN 0596155514.  
<http://www.makershed.com/ProductDetails.asp?ProductCode=9780596155513>.
- Tom Igoe, Making Things Talk: Practical Methods for Connecting Physical Objects, Make Books , 2007, ISBN-10: 0596510519
- Ozer, Jonathan; Blemings, Hugh (December 28, 2009). Practical Arduino: Cool Projects for Open Source Hardware (1st ed.). Apress. pp. 500. ISBN 1430224770. <http://www.apress.com/book/view/9781430224778>.
- Noble, Joshua (July 15, 2009). Programming Interactivity: A Designer's Guide to Processing, Arduino, and openFrameworks (1st ed.). O'Reilly Media. pp. 768. ISBN 0596154143. <http://oreilly.com/catalog/9780596800581/>.
- Schmidt, Maik (November 20, 2010). Arduino: A Quick-Start Guide (1st ed.). The Pragmatic Bookshelf. pp. 275. ISBN 978-1-93435-666-1.  
<http://pragprog.com/titles/msard/arduino>.
- Sparkfun Inventor'Guide
  - <http://www.sparkfun.com/tutorial/AIK/CIRC00-sheet-SPAR.pdf>
  - <http://www.sparkfun.com/tutorial/AIK/ARDX-EG-SPAR-PRINT-85.pdf>

# Shops

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- [Lectronix.fr](http://Lectronix.fr)
- [Farnell.fr](http://Farnell.fr)
- [Radiospare.fr](http://Radiospare.fr)
  
- [Sparkfun.com](http://Sparkfun.com)
- [Seedstudio.com](http://Seedstudio.com)
- [CoolComponent.co.uk](http://CoolComponent.co.uk)
  
- [eBay](http://eBay)

# And Now !

## The Exercices

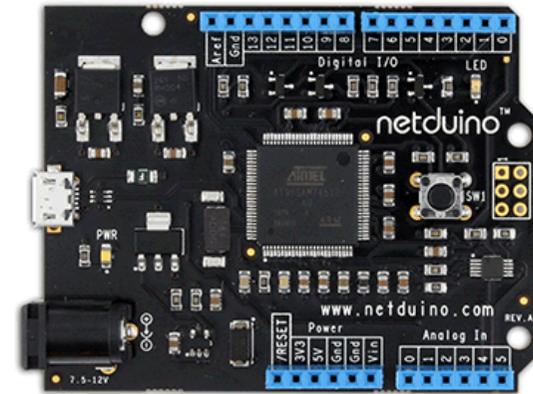
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- Choose one in the Sparkfun Inventor'Guide
  - <http://www.sparkfun.com/tutorial/AIK/CIRC00-sheet-SPAR.pdf>
  - <http://www.sparkfun.com/tutorial/AIK/ARDX-EG-SPAR-PRINT-85.pdf>

# Bonus track

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# Personal Collection



Video Game Shield

(c) Didier Donsez, 2010-2011

# Personal DIY projects

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- Wattmeter
- Plant
- Arcade joystick

# Polytech'Grenoble projects